

## Chapter 11

# How to create and use arrays

### The syntax for creating an array

```
$array_name = array([value1[, value2] ...]);
```

### The syntax for referring to an element an array

```
$array_name[index];
```

### How to create an array of names

#### With one statement

```
$names = array('Ted Lewis', 'Sue Jones', 'Ray Thomas');
```

#### With multiple statements

```
$names = array(); // create an empty array
$names[0] = 'Ted Lewis'; // set 3 values in the array
$names[1] = 'Sue Jones';
$names[2] = 'Ray Thomas';
```

### Objectives

#### Applied

1. Use any of the functions and techniques presented in this chapter as you use arrays, associative arrays, and arrays of arrays.

### How to create an array of discounts

#### With one statement

```
$discounts = array(0, 5, 10, 15);
```

#### With multiple statements

```
$discounts = array(); // create an empty array
$discounts[0] = 0; // set 4 values in the array
$discounts[1] = 5;
$discounts[2] = 10;
$discounts[3] = 15;
```

### Objectives (continued)

#### Knowledge

1. Distinguish between an array and an associative array, including the difference in the way indexes are used.
2. Explain how gaps can be introduced into an array and how the gaps can be removed.
3. Describe the use of a for loop with an array and the use of a foreach loop with an associative array.
4. Distinguish between a queue and a stack.
5. Describe the use of the functions for creating arrays, working with queues and stacks, performing mathematical calculations, searching arrays, sorting arrays, and modifying arrays.
6. Distinguish between a regular array and an array of arrays, including the difference in the number of indexes that are used to access an element.

### How to use the print\_r() function to view the contents of an array

```
print_r($names);
// Output: Array ( [0] => Ted Lewis [1] => Sue Jones
// [2] => Ray Thomas )
```

### How to define a constant for an array (PHP 7.0 or later)

```
Define('MONTHS', array('Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar'));
```



### Functions for removing the values from elements

```
unset($var1[, $var2] ...)  
array_values($array)
```

#### How to delete values from an array

```
$letters = array('a', 'b', 'c', 'd'); // a, b, c, d  
unset($letters[2]); // a, b, NULL, d  
unset($letters); // $letters is NULL
```

#### How to remove NULL elements and reindex

```
$letters = array('a', 'b', 'c', 'd'); // a, b, c, d  
unset($letters[2]); // a, b, NULL, d  
$letters = array_values($letters); // a, b, d
```

#### How to use array elements with variable substitution

```
$name = array('Ray', 'Harris');  
echo "First Name: $name[0]"; // First Name: Ray  
echo "First Name: {$name[0]}"; // First Name: Ray
```



### Key terms

- array
- element
- index



### Functions for loops that work with arrays

```
count($array)  
end($array)  
key($array)  
isset($var)
```

#### Code that stores 10 random numbers in an array

```
$numbers = array();  
for ($i = 0; $i < 10; $i++) {  
    $numbers[] = mt_rand(1, 100);  
}
```

#### Code that displays the elements of an array

```
$numbers_string = '';  
for ($i = 0; $i < count($numbers); $i++) {  
    $numbers_string .= $numbers[$i] . ' ';  
}  
echo $numbers_string;
```



### The syntax for adding an element to an array

```
$array_name[] = $value;
```

#### How to add a value to the end of an array

```
$letters = array('a', 'b', 'c', 'd'); // a, b, c, d  
$letters[] = 'e'; // a, b, c, d, e
```

#### How to set a value at a specific index

```
$letters = array('a', 'b', 'c', 'd'); // a, b, c, d  
$letters[0] = 'e'; // e, b, c, d  
$letters[3] = 'f'; // e, b, c, f  
$letters[5] = 'g'; // e, b, c, f, NULL, g
```

#### How to get values from an array

```
$letters = array('a', 'b', 'c', 'd'); // a, b, c, d  
$letter1 = $letters[0]; // $letter1 is 'a'  
$letter2 = $letters[1]; // $letter2 is 'b'  
$letter4 = $letters[4]; // $letter4 is NULL
```



### Computing the sum and average of an array

```
$prices = array(141.95, 212.95, 411, 10.95);  
$sum = 0;  
for ($i = 0; $i < count($prices); $i++) {  
    $sum += $prices[$i];  
}  
$average = $sum / count($prices);
```



### How to skip gaps in an array

```

$numbers = array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10);
unset($numbers[2], $numbers[6]);
end($numbers);
$last = key($numbers);
$numbers_string = '';
for($i = 0; $i <= $last; $i++) {
    if (isset($numbers[$i])) {
        $numbers_string .= $numbers[$i] . ' ';
    }
}
echo $numbers_string; // Displays: 1 2 4 5 6 8 9 10

```



### How to create an associative array of extensions

```

$ext = array();
$ext[10] = 'Sales';
$ext[13] = 'Customer Service';
$ext[16] = 'Returns';
$ext[18] = 'Warehouse';

```

### An array that contains integer and string indexes

```

$employees = array();
$employees[0] = 'Mike';
$employees[1] = 'Anne';
$employees[2] = 'Judy';
$employees['senior'] = 'Mike';
$employees['newest'] = 'Fren';

```

### How to use the print\_r() function to view an array

```

print_r($tax_rates);
// Array ( [NC] => 7.75 [CA] => 8.25 [NY] => 8.875 )

```



### The syntax for creating an associative array

```
array([key1 => value1, key2 => value2, ... ])
```

### How to create an associative array of tax rates

#### With one statement

```

$tax_rates = array('NC' => 7.75, 'CA' => 8.25, 'NY' => 8.875);

```

#### With multiple statements

```

$tax_rates = array();
$tax_rates['NC'] = 7.75;
$tax_rates['CA'] = 8.25;
$tax_rates['NY'] = 8.875;

```



### How to set a value with a specific key

```

$name = array('first' => 'Ray', 'last' => 'Harris');
$name['middle'] = 'Thomas';

```

### What happens when you omit the key when adding a value

```

$name = array('first' => 'Ray', 'last' => 'Harris');
$name[] = 'Thomas'; // key is 0

```

### How to get a value at a specified key

```

$name = array('first' => 'Ray', 'last' => 'Harris');
$first_name = $name['first'];
$last_name = $name['last'];

```



### How to create an associative array of codes

#### With one statement

```

$country_codes = array('DEU' => 'Germany',
    'JPN' => 'Japan',
    'ARG' => 'Argentina',
    'USA' => 'United States');

```

#### With multiple statements

```

$country_codes = array();
$country_codes['DEU'] = 'Germany';
$country_codes['JPN'] = 'Japan';
$country_codes['ARG'] = 'Argentina';
$country_codes['USA'] = 'United States';

```



### How to delete values from an array

```

$name = array('first' => 'Ray', 'last' => 'Harris');
unset($name['first']); // delete an element's value
unset($name); // delete all elements

```

### How to use variable substitution with elements

```

$name = array('first' => 'Ray', 'last' => 'Harris');
echo "First Name: $name['first']"; // A parse error
echo "First Name: $name[first]"; // First Name: Ray
echo "First Name: {$name['first']}"; // First Name: Ray

```



### The syntax of a foreach loop

```
foreach ($array_name as [ $key => ] $value) {
    // Statements that use $key and $value
}
```

### A loop that displays the values in an array

```
$tax_rates = array('NC' => 7.75, 'CA' => 8.25,
                  'NY' => 8.875);
echo '<ul>';
foreach ($tax_rates as $rate) {
    echo "<li>$rate</li>";
}
echo '</ul>';
```

### The result displayed in a browser

- 7.75
- 8.25
- 8.875

### Key terms

- Foreach statement
- Foreach loop

### A foreach loop that displays the keys and values

```
$tax_rates = array('NC' => 7.75, 'CA' => 8.25,
                  'NY' => 8.875);
echo '<ul>';
foreach ($tax_rates as $state => $rate) {
    echo "<li>$state ($rate)</li>";
}
echo '</ul>';
```

### The result displayed in a browser

- NC (7.75)
- CA (8.25)
- NY (8.875)

### Functions for creating arrays

```
range($lo, $hi [, $step])
array_fill($start, $count, $value)
array_pad($array, $size, $value)
array_merge($array1, $array2, ...)
array_slice($array, $index
            [, $len [, $keys]])
array_splice($array, $index
            [, $len [, $new]])
```

### A foreach loop that displays the values in a regular array

```
$numbers = array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10);
unset($numbers[2], $numbers[6]);
$numbers_string = '';
foreach ($numbers as $number) {
    $numbers_string .= $number . ' ';
}
echo $numbers_string; // Displays: 1 2 4 5 6 8 9 10
```

### How to create an array with a range of values

```
$numbers = range(1, 4); // 1, 2, 3, 4
$numbers = range(10, 22, 4); // 10, 14, 18, 22
```

### How to fill and pad an array

```
$numbers = array_fill(0, 5, 1); // 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
$numbers = array_pad($numbers, 10, 0);
// 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
```

### How to merge two arrays

```
$employees = array('Mike', 'Anne');
$new_hires = array('Ray', 'Pren');
$employees = array_merge($employees, $new_hires);
print_r($employees);
// Mike, Anne, Ray, Pren
```

### How to slice one array from another

```
$employees = array('Mike', 'Anne', 'Ray', 'Pren');
$new_hires = array_slice($employees, 2);
print_r($new_hires); // Ray, Pren
```

### How to splice two arrays together

```
$employees = array('Mike', 'Anne', 'Joel');
$new_hires = array('Ray', 'Pren');
array_splice($employees, 1, 2, $new_hires);
print_r($employees); // Mike, Ray, Pren
```



### Functions for performing math calculations

```
array_sum($array)
array_product($array)
```

### How to add all values in an array

```
$prices = array(141.95, 212.95, 411, 10.95);
$sum = array_sum($prices); // 776.85
```



### Functions for working with queues and stacks

```
array_push($array, $value)
array_pop($array)
array_unshift($array, $value)
array_shift($array)
```

### How to work with a stack

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Joel', 'Anne');
array_push($names, 'Ray'); // Mike, Joel, Anne, Ray
$next = array_pop($names); // Mike, Joel, Anne
echo $next; // displays Ray
```

### How to work with a queue

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Joel', 'Anne');
array_push($names, 'Ray'); // Mike, Anne, Joel, Ray
$next = array_shift($names); // Anne, Joel, Ray
echo $next; // displays Mike
```



### Functions for searching arrays

```
in_array($value, $array [, $strict])
array_key_exists($key, $array)
array_search($value, $array [, $strict])
array_count_values($array)
```



### Key terms

- stack
- last-in, first-out (LIFO)
- queue
- first-in, first-out (FIFO)



### How to search an array

```
$tax_rates = array('NC' => 7.75,
                  'CA' => 8.25, 'NY' => 8.875);
$is_found = in_array(7.75, $tax_rates); // TRUE
$is_found = in_array('7.75', $tax_rates); // TRUE
$is_found = in_array('7.75', $tax_rates, true); //FALSE
$key_exists = array_key_exists('CA', $tax_rates); //TRUE
$key = array_search(7.75, $tax_rates); // 'NC'
```



### How to count the number of occurrences of a value in an array

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Mike', 'Mike',
              'Anne', 'Joel', 'Joel');
$occurrences = array_count_values($names);
echo $occurrences['Mike']; // 3
echo $occurrences['Anne']; // 1
echo $occurrences['Joel']; // 2
```



### Functions for modifying arrays

```
array_unique($array[, $compare])
array_reverse($array[, $keys])
shuffle($array)
array_rand($array[, $count])
```



### Functions for sorting arrays

```
sort($array[, $compare])
rsort($array[, $compare])
asort($array[, $compare])
arsort($array[, $compare])
ksort($array[, $compare])
krsort($array[, $compare])
```



### How to modify an array

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Mike', 'Mike',
              'Anne', 'Joel', 'Joel');
$names = array_unique($names); // Mike, Anne, Joel
$names = array_reverse($names); // Joel, Anne, Mike
shuffle($names); // Mike, Joel, Anne (for example)
```

### How to modify an associative array

```
$tax_rates = array('NC' => 7.75,
                  'NY' => 8.875, 'CA' => 8.25);
$tax_rates = array_reverse($tax_rates, true);
```

### How to get random keys from an array

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Anne', 'Joel', 'Ray', 'Pren');
$key = array_rand($names); // 2 (for example)
$names_rand = array_rand($names, 3);
// 0, 1, 3 (for example)
```



### How to sort strings in ascending order

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Anne', 'Joel', 'Ray', 'Pren');
sort($names);
```

### How to sort numbers in ascending order

```
$numbers = array(520, '33', 9, '199');
sort($numbers, SORT_NUMERIC); // 9, 33, 199, 520
```

### How to sort in descending order

```
$names = array('Mike', 'Anne', 'Joel', 'Ray', 'Pren');
rsort($names);
```

### How to sort an associative array

```
$tax_rates = array('NC' => 7.75,
                  'NY' => 8.875, 'CA' => 8.25);
asort($tax_rates); // sorts by value (ascending)
ksort($tax_rates); // sorts by key (ascending)
arsort($tax_rates); // sorts by value (descending)
krsort($tax_rates); // sorts by key (descending)
```



### How to shuffle and deal a deck of cards

```
// Create the deck of cards
$faces = array('2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8',
              '9', 'T', 'J', 'Q', 'K', 'A');
$suits = array('h', 'd', 'c', 's');
$cards = array();
foreach($faces as $face) {
    foreach($suits as $suit) {
        $cards[] = $face . $suit;
    }
}

// Shuffle the deck and deal the cards
shuffle($cards);
$hand = array();
for ($i = 0; $i < 5; $i++) {
    $hand[] = array_pop($cards);
}
echo implode(' ', $hand);
// 9c, 6d, Ks, 4c, 7h (for example)
```



### A simple array

```

[0] [1] [2] [3] [4]
'Mike' 'Joel' 'Anne' 'Ray' 'Pren'
    
```

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### Key terms

- Array of arrays
- Two-dimensional array
- Rectangular array
- Jagged array

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### A rectangular array of arrays

```

[0] [1] [2] [3] [4]
  |   |   |   |   |
  | [first] [first] [first] [first] [first]
  | 'Mike' 'Joel' 'Anne' 'Ray' 'Pren'
  | [last] [last] [last] [last] [last]
  | 'Murach' 'Murach' 'Boehm' 'Harris' 'Knowlton'
  | [id] [id] [id] [id] [id]
  | 6453 5635 2663 7290 7736
    
```

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### Code that creates an array of arrays

```

$times_table = array();
for ($i = 0; $i <= 12; $i++) { // add 13 elements that
    $times_table[$i] = array(); // contain empty arrays
}
    
```

### Code that adds values to the array of arrays

```

for ($i = 0; $i <= 12; $i++) {
    for ($j = 0; $j <= 12; $j++) {
        $times_table[$i][$j] = $i * $j;
    }
}
    
```

### Code that refers to elements in the array of arrays

```

echo $times_table[4][3]; // displays 12
echo $times_table[7][6]; // displays 42
    
```

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### A jagged array of arrays

```

['Mike'] ['Joel'] ['Ray']
  |       |       |
  | [0]   | [0]   | [0]
  | 'Robert Mager' | 'Daniel Levitin' | 'Isaac Asimov'
  | [1]   |       | [1]
  | 'Margaret Shertzer' |       | 'Arthur C. Clarke'
  |                   |       | [2]
  |                   |       | 'Tom Clancy'
    
```

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### Code that creates a cart array

```

$cart = array();
    
```

### Adding an associative array to the cart array

```

$item = array(); // create an empty item array
$item['itemCode'] = 123;
$item['itemName'] = "Visual Basic";
$item['itemCost'] = 57.5;
$item['itemQuantity'] = 5;
$cart[] = $item; // add item array to cart array
    
```

### Adding another associative array to the cart array

```

$item = array(); // create an empty item array
$item['itemCode'] = 456;
$item['itemName'] = "Java";
$item['itemCost'] = 59.5;
$item['itemQuantity'] = 2;
$cart[] = $item; // add item array to cart array
    
```

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### Referring to the elements in the array of arrays

```
echo $cart[0]["itemCode"]; // displays 123
echo $cart[1]["itemName"]; // displays Java
```



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### The index.php file

```
<?php
$task_list = filter_input(INPUT_POST, 'tasklist', FILTER_DEFAULT,
    FILTER_REQUIRE_ARRAY);
if ($task_list === NULL) {
    $task_list = array();
}
$action = filter_input(INPUT_POST, 'action');
$errors = array();
```



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### A more concise way to create an array of arrays

```
$cart = array(array('itemCode' => 123,
    'itemName' => 'Visual Basic',
    'itemCost' => 57.5,
    'itemQuantity' => 5),
    array('itemCode' => 456,
    'itemName' => 'Java',
    'itemCost' => 59.5,
    'itemQuantity' => 2));
```



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### The index.php file (continued)

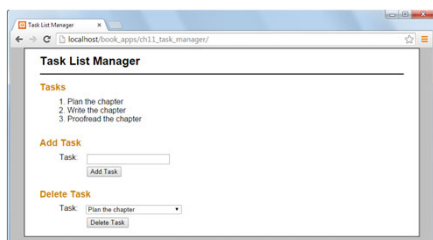
```
switch($action) {
    case 'add':
        $new_task = filter_input(INPUT_POST, 'task');
        if (empty($new_task)) {
            $errors[] = 'The new task cannot be empty.';
        } else {
            $task_list[] = $new_task;
        }
        break;
    case 'delete':
        $task_index = filter_input(INPUT_POST, 'taskid',
            FILTER_VALIDATE_INT);
        if ($task_index === NULL || $task_index !== FALSE) {
            $errors[] = 'The task cannot be deleted.';
        } else {
            unset($task_list[$task_index]);
            $task_list = array_values($task_list);
        }
        break;
}
include('task_list.php');
?>
```



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### The Task List Manager application



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### The task\_list.php file

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Task List Manager</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="main.css">
</head>
<body>
    <header>
        <h1>Task List Manager</h1>
    </header>
    <main>
```



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